

Population and Household Statistics Analysed by District Council District

Provides information on the socio-economic characteristics of the land-based non-institutional population in 2025 at the District Council district level

2025 Edition

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1. Demographic Characteristics

- The size of land-based non-institutional population (LBNP) was 7 400 500 in 2025. The LBNP in Sha Tin, Yuen Long and Kwun Tong were the top ones among all District Council districts.
- Men were out-numbered by women, with the overall sex ratio being 828 males per 1 000 females. The sex ratios in Wan Chai, Central & Western and Kowloon City were particularly low.
- Islands had the largest proportion of children aged under 15, while Eastern had the largest proportion of persons aged 65 and over. Islands had the lowest median age, while Wong Tai Sin had the highest median age.

Chart 1.1 : Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and sex, 2025

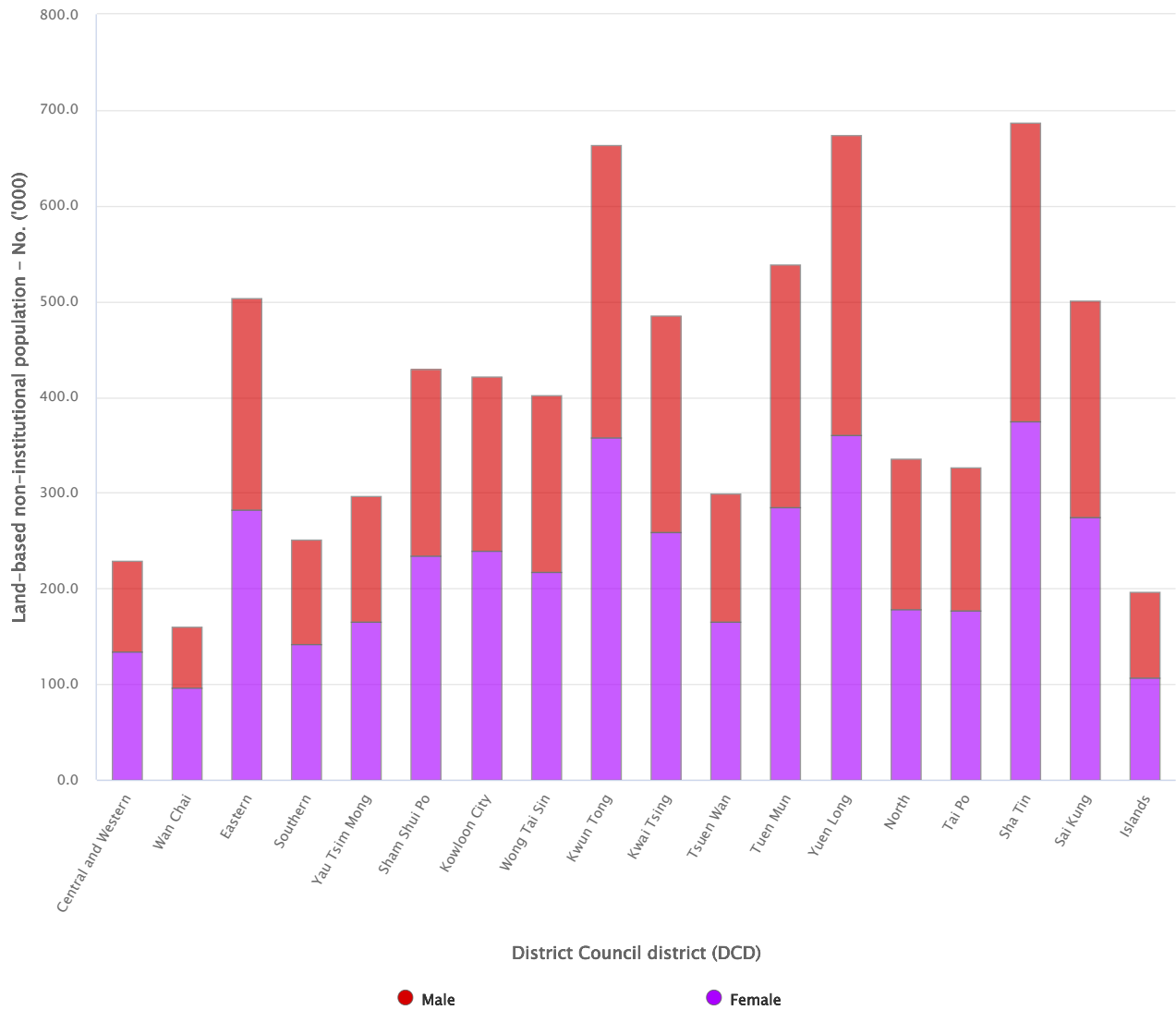


Table 1.1 : Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and sex

	Land-based non-institutional population		
	No. ('000)		
Year	2025		
Sex	Male	Female	Both sexes
District Council district (DCD)			
Central and Western	95.6	133.4	229.0
Wan Chai	64.7	95.9	160.6
Eastern	220.5	282.6	503.0
Southern	109.3	142.2	251.5
Yau Tsim Mong	132.1	164.7	296.8
Sham Shui Po	195.8	233.9	429.8
Kowloon City	182.2	239.4	421.6
Wong Tai Sin	184.6	217.2	401.8
Kwun Tong	306.1	357.1	663.2
Kwai Tsing	226.4	258.5	484.9
Tsuen Wan	133.5	165.3	298.8
Tuen Mun	253.4	285.3	538.7
Yuen Long	313.7	360.7	674.5
North	157.4	178.1	335.5
Tai Po	150.0	176.5	326.5
Sha Tin	312.1	375.2	687.3
Sai Kung	226.2	275.1	501.2
Islands	89.1	106.9	196.0
Whole Territory	3 352.6	4 047.9	7 400.5

Chart 1.2 : Proportion of land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and age, 2025

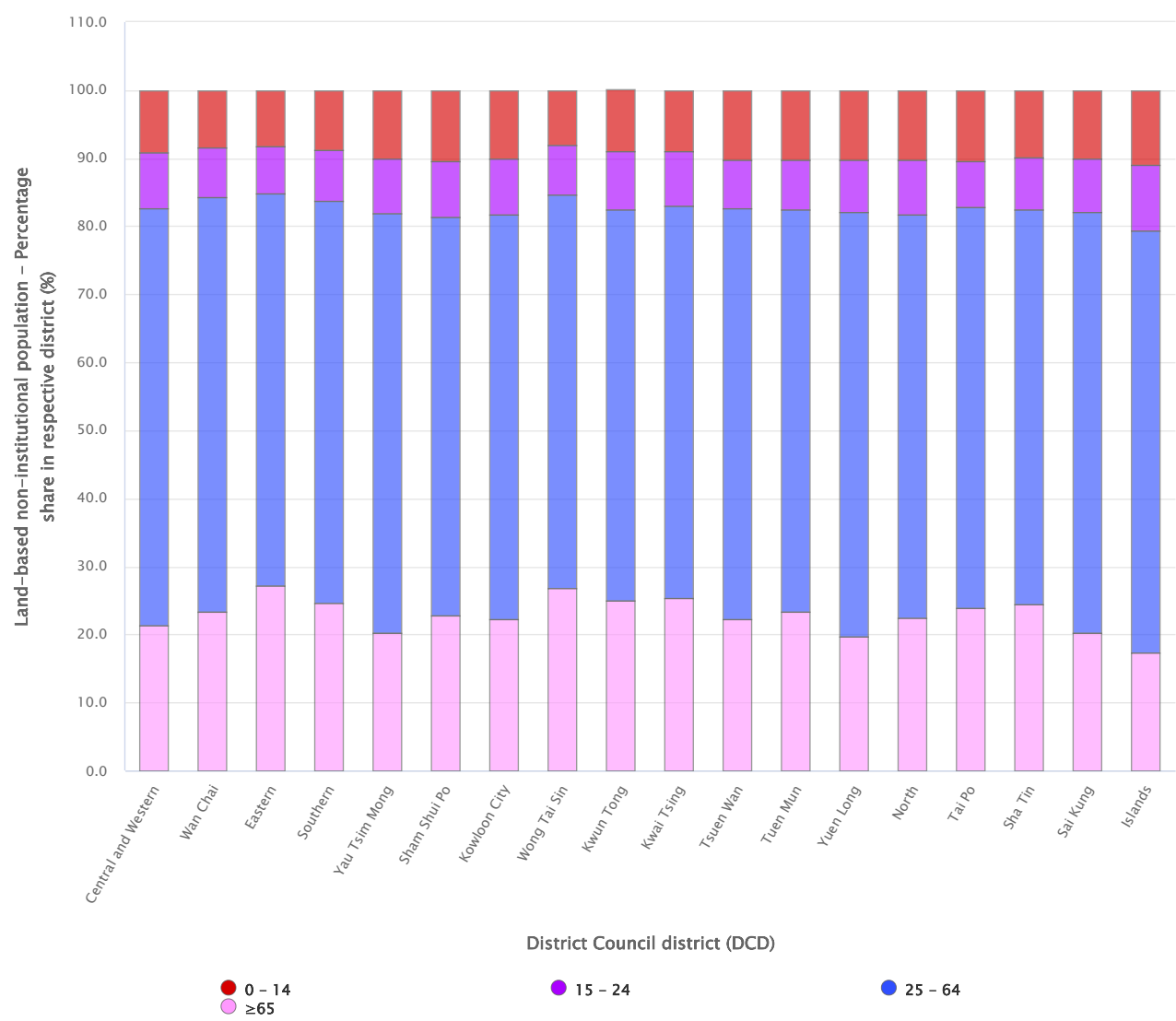


Table 1.2 : Proportion of land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and age

	Land-based non-institutional population			
	Percentage share in respective district (%)			
Year	2025			
Age group	0 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 64	≥65
District Council district (DCD)				
Central and Western	9.1	8.2	61.3	21.4
Wan Chai	8.5	7.3	60.9	23.3
Eastern	8.2	6.9	57.8	27.1
Southern	8.7	7.5	59.2	24.6
Yau Tsim Mong	10.1	8.0	61.6	20.3
Sham Shui Po	10.5	8.2	58.5	22.8
Kowloon City	10.0	8.2	59.6	22.2
Wong Tai Sin	8.0	7.4	57.7	26.9
Kwun Tong	9.1	8.5	57.5	25.0
Kwai Tsing	9.0	8.0	57.7	25.3
Tsuen Wan	10.2	7.1	60.5	22.2
Tuen Mun	10.2	7.4	59.0	23.4
Yuen Long	10.1	7.7	62.4	19.7
North	10.2	8.1	59.3	22.4
Tai Po	10.4	6.7	59.0	23.9
Sha Tin	9.9	7.7	58.0	24.4
Sai Kung	10.0	7.8	61.9	20.2
Islands	11.0	9.6	62.0	17.4
Whole Territory	9.6	7.8	59.4	23.2

Table 1.3 : Sex ratio and median age of land-based non-institutional population by District Council district

	Sex ratio of land based non-institutional population	Median age of land based non-institutional population
	Ratio	(Years)
Year	2025	2025
District Council district (DCD)		
Central and Western	717	44
Wan Chai	675	46
Eastern	780	50
Southern	768	49
Yau Tsim Mong	802	45
Sham Shui Po	837	47
Kowloon City	761	46
Wong Tai Sin	850	51
Kwun Tong	857	49
Kwai Tsing	876	49
Tsuen Wan	808	48
Tuen Mun	888	47
Yuen Long	870	45
North	884	47
Tai Po	850	47
Sha Tin	832	48
Sai Kung	822	46
Islands	834	42
Whole Territory	828	47

2. Labour Force Characteristics

- The size of labour force was 3 811 300 in 2025. Similar to the size of the LBNP, the size of the labour force were relatively larger in Yuen Long, Sha Tin and Kwun Tong.
- The labour force participation rate (LFPR) was 57.0% in 2025. Wan Chai had the highest LFPR, whereas it was the lowest in Wong Tai Sin. The LFPRs of males were consistently higher than that of females in all District Council districts.

Chart 2.1 : Labour force by District Council district and sex, 2025

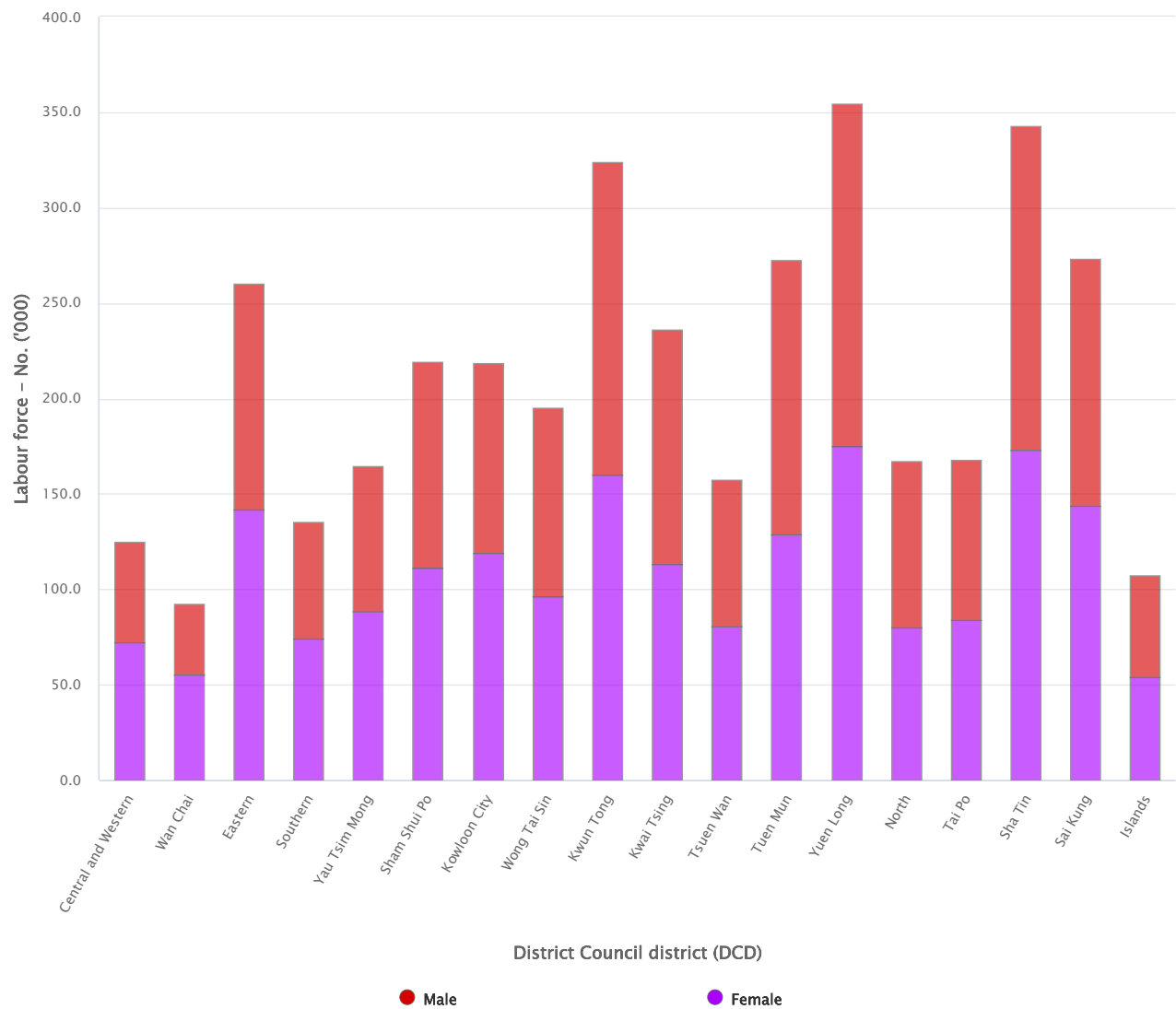


Table 2.1 : Labour force by District Council district and sex

	Labour force		
	No. ('000)		
Year	2025		
Sex	Male	Female	Both sexes
District Council district (DCD)			
Central and Western	53.0	72.1	125.1
Wan Chai	36.9	55.2	92.2
Eastern	118.3	141.6	260.0
Southern	60.7	74.3	134.9
Yau Tsim Mong	75.8	88.5	164.4
Sham Shui Po	108.0	111.5	219.5
Kowloon City	99.4	119.2	218.6
Wong Tai Sin	98.6	96.3	195.0
Kwun Tong	163.8	159.8	323.6
Kwai Tsing	123.3	113.1	236.3
Tsuen Wan	76.5	80.7	157.2
Tuen Mun	143.7	128.5	272.2
Yuen Long	179.7	175.0	354.7
North	86.9	80.0	166.9
Tai Po	83.5	84.0	167.5
Sha Tin	169.6	173.2	342.8
Sai Kung	129.5	143.9	273.4
Islands	52.8	54.3	107.1
Whole Territory	1 860.0	1 951.2	3 811.3

Chart 2.2 : Labour force participation rate by District Council district and sex, 2025

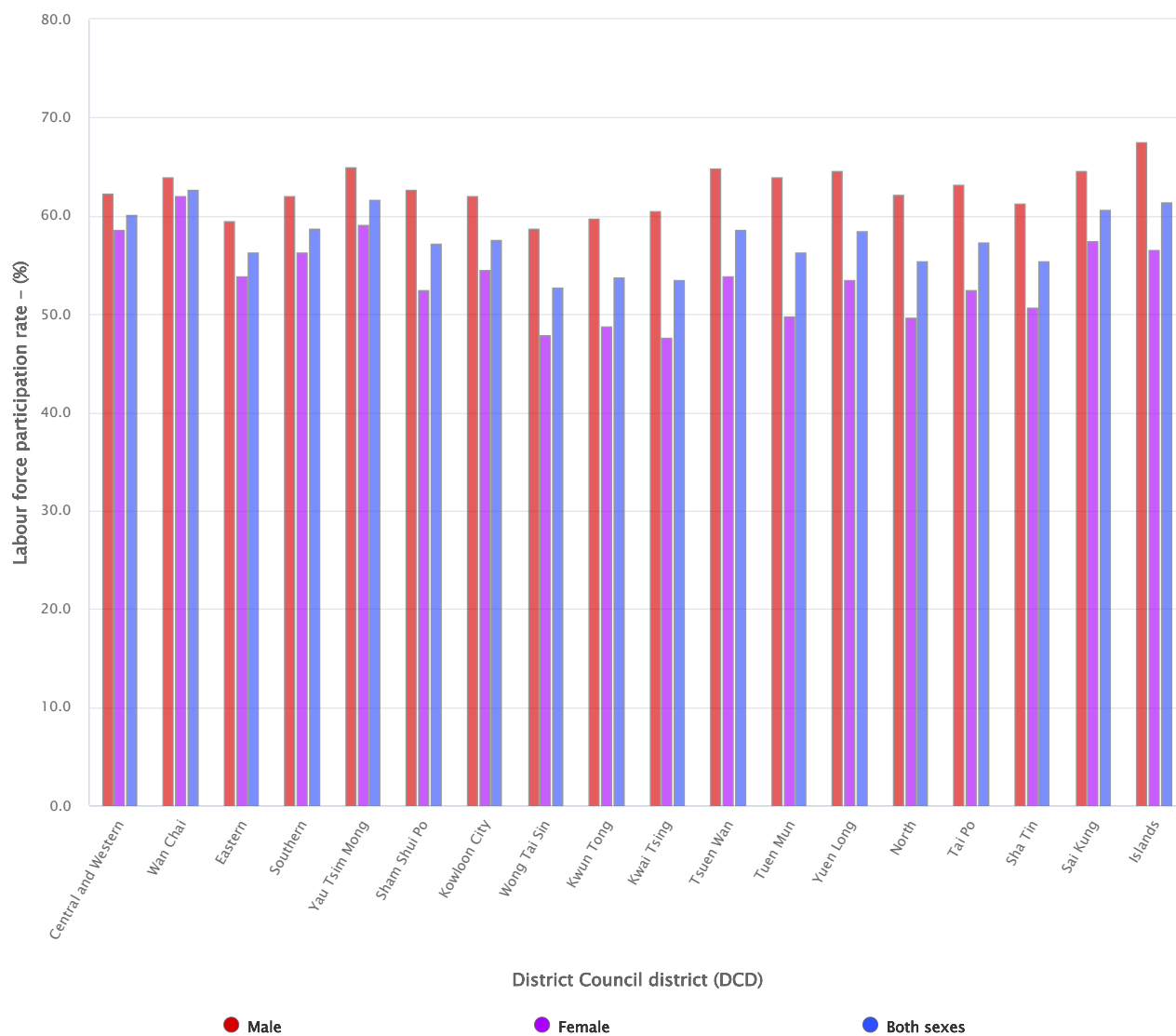


Table 2.2 : Labour force participation rate by District Council district and sex

	Labour force participation rate		
	(%)		
	2025		
Year			
Sex	Male	Female	Both sexes
District Council district (DCD)			
Central and Western	62.3	58.6	60.1
Wan Chai	63.9	62.0	62.7
Eastern	59.4	53.9	56.3
Southern	62.0	56.3	58.7
Yau Tsim Mong	64.9	59.1	61.6
Sham Shui Po	62.7	52.5	57.1
Kowloon City	62.0	54.5	57.6
Wong Tai Sin	58.7	47.8	52.7
Kwun Tong	59.7	48.7	53.7
Kwai Tsing	60.5	47.6	53.5
Tsuen Wan	64.8	53.8	58.6
Tuen Mun	63.9	49.7	56.3
Yuen Long	64.6	53.4	58.5
North	62.1	49.6	55.4
Tai Po	63.2	52.4	57.3
Sha Tin	61.3	50.6	55.4
Sai Kung	64.6	57.4	60.6
Islands	67.5	56.5	61.4
Whole Territory	62.3	52.7	57.0

3. Domestic Household Characteristics

- There were 2 778 100 domestic households in 2025, of which 75.7% were economically active households. Similar to the size of the LBNP, there were relatively more domestic households in Kwun Tong, Sha Tin and Yuen Long.
- The median monthly household income was \$30,000 in 2025. As for economically active households, the median monthly household income was \$40,000. Central & Western and Wan Chai had higher median monthly household income than the other District Council districts.

Chart 3.1 : Domestic households by District Council district and type of households, 2025

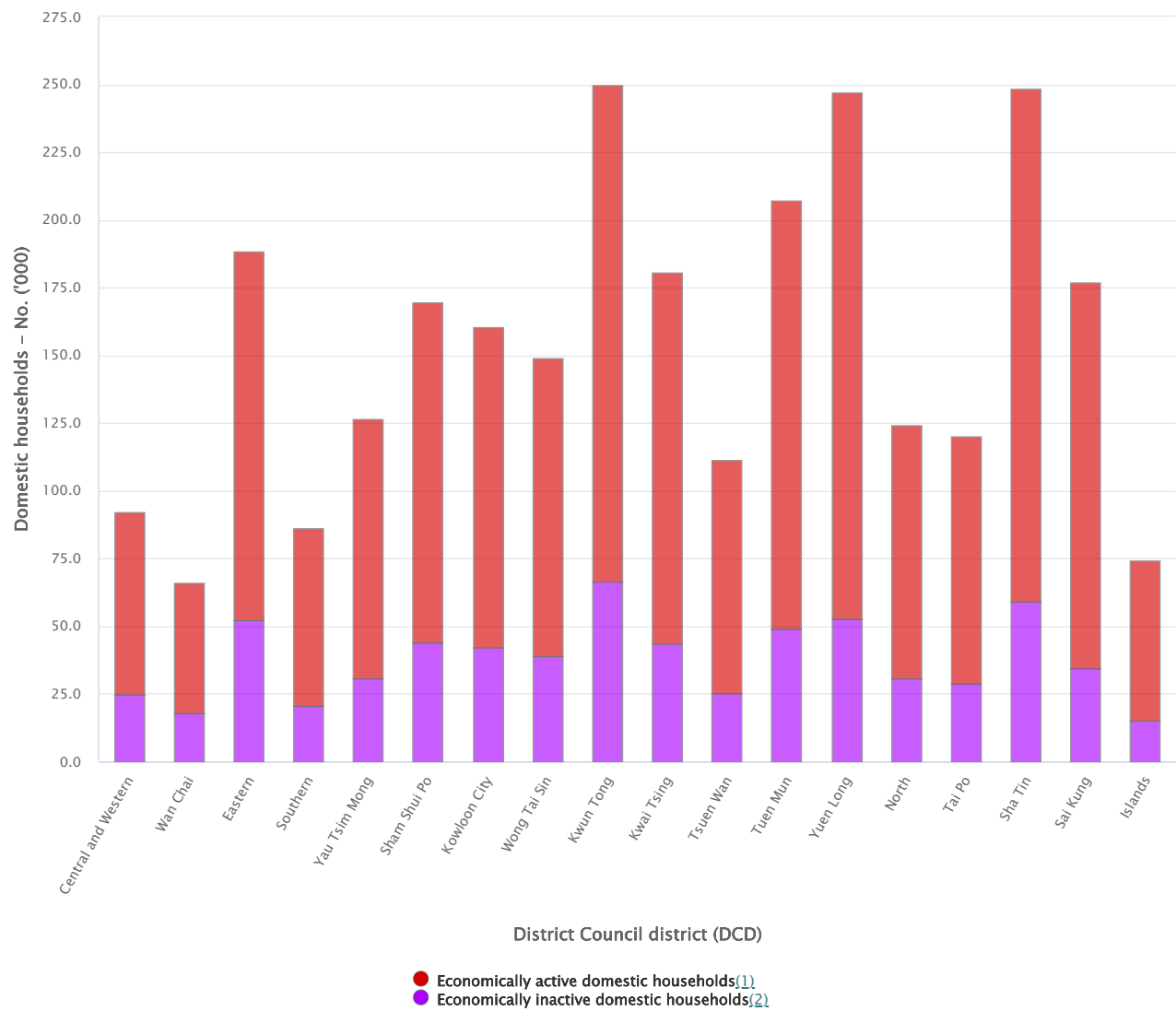


Table 3.1 : Domestic households by District Council district and type of households

		Domestic households	
		No. ('000)	
Type of household		Economically active domestic households (1)	Economically inactive domestic households (2)
Year	District Council district (DCD)		
2025	Central and Western	67.5	24.6
	Wan Chai	48.1	17.8
	Eastern	136.2	52.4
	Southern	65.8	20.5
	Yau Tsim Mong	95.8	30.7
	Sham Shui Po	125.7	43.9
	Kowloon City	118.1	42.2
	Wong Tai Sin	110.1	38.9
	Kwun Tong	183.6	66.4
	Kwai Tsing	136.7	43.7
	Tsuen Wan	86.5	25.1
	Tuen Mun	158.1	49.1
	Yuen Long	194.2	52.9
	North	93.7	30.6
	Tai Po	91.2	28.7
	Sha Tin	189.1	59.1
	Sai Kung	142.5	34.4
	Islands	59.0	15.1
	Whole Territory	2 102.0	676.1

1 Economically active household is a domestic household with at least one member (excluding foreign domestic helpers) being economically active.

2 Economically inactive household is a domestic household with all members (excluding foreign domestic helpers) being economically inactive (e.g. home-makers/retired persons not available for work or not seeking work and those below the age of 15, etc).

Chart 3.2 : Median monthly household income by District Council district and type of households, 2025

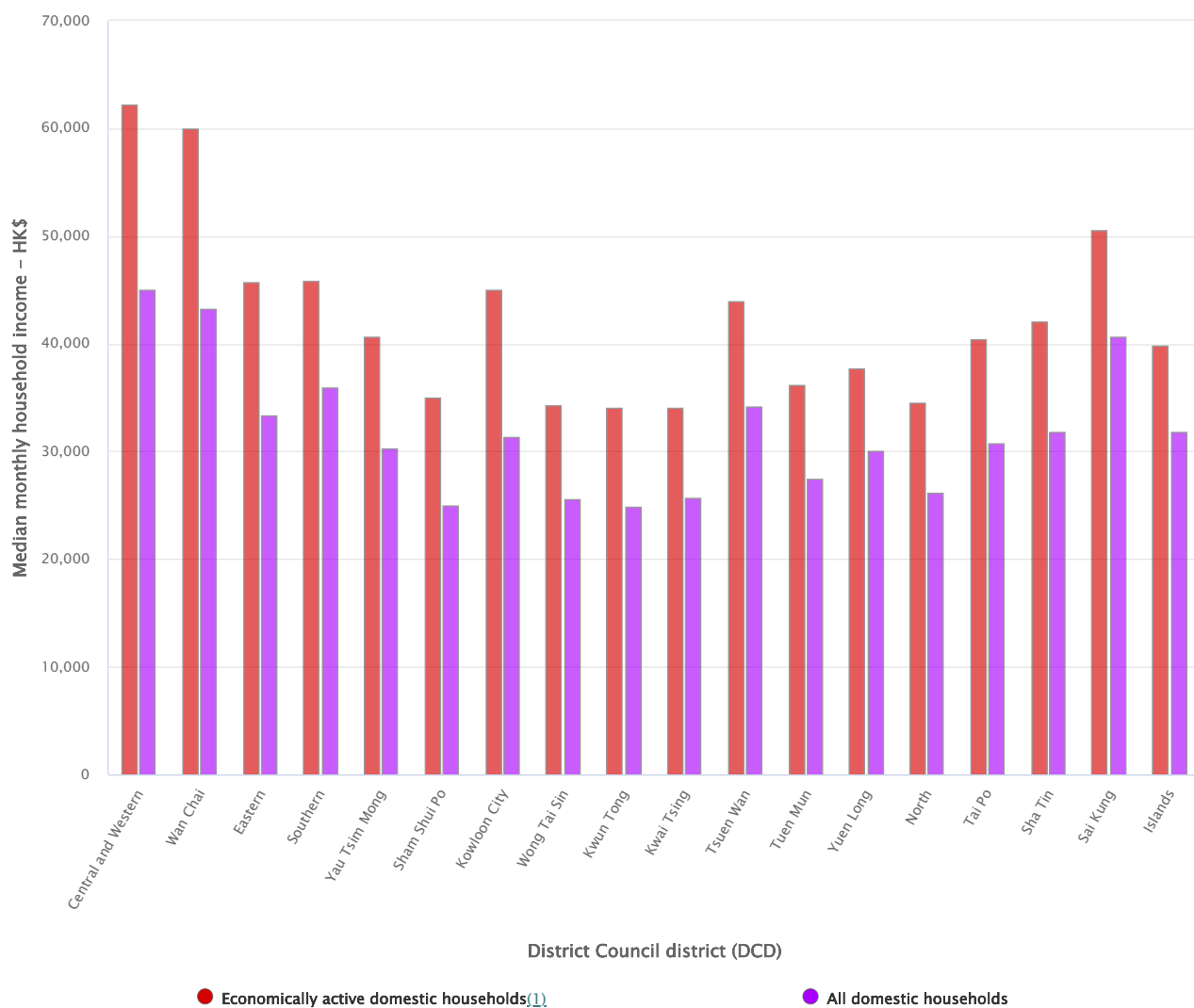


Table 3.2 : Median monthly household income by District Council district and type of households

		Median monthly household income	
		HK\$	
Type of household		Economically active domestic households (1)	All domestic households
Year	District Council district (DCD)		
2025	Central and Western	62,200	45,000
	Wan Chai	60,000	43,300
	Eastern	45,700	33,400
	Southern	45,800	36,000
	Yau Tsim Mong	40,600	30,300
	Sham Shui Po	35,000	25,000
	Kowloon City	45,000	31,300
	Wong Tai Sin	34,300	25,600
	Kwun Tong	34,000	24,900
	Kwai Tsing	34,000	25,700
	Tsuen Wan	44,000	34,200
	Tuen Mun	36,200	27,400
	Yuen Long	37,700	30,000
	North	34,500	26,200
	Tai Po	40,400	30,700
	Sha Tin	42,100	31,800
	Sai Kung	50,500	40,600
	Islands	39,800	31,800
	Whole Territory	40,000	30,000

1 Economically active household is a domestic household with at least one member (excluding foreign domestic helpers) being economically active.

4. Further Information

For the latest and more detailed statistics on the socio-economic characteristics of the land-based non-institutional population at the District Council district level, please refer to the [Population Estimates](#), [Labour Force, Employment and Unemployment](#) and [Households](#) subject pages where you may customise the following tables to fit your needs:

Population Estimates

- [Table 110-06811: Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district, sex and age](#)
- [Table 110-06812: Land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over by District Council district, sex and educational attainment](#)
- [Table 110-06813: Percentage of land-based non-institutional population with secondary education and above by District Council district and age](#)
- [Table 110-06814: Land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over by District Council district, sex and marital status](#)
- [Table 110-06815: Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and economic activity status](#)
- [Table 110-06831: Median age of land-based non-institutional population and labour force by District Council district and sex](#)
- [Table 110-06832: Sex ratio of land-based non-institutional population and labour force by District Council district](#)
- [Table 110-06833: Overall dependency ratio by District Council district](#)

Labour Force, Employment and Unemployment

- [Table 210-06821: Labour force and labour force participation rate by District Council district, sex and age](#)
- [Table 210-06822: Labour force and labour force participation rate by District Council district, sex and age \(excluding foreign domestic helpers\)](#)

Households

- [Table 130-06801: Domestic households by District Council district and household size](#)
- [Table 130-06802: Domestic households by District Council district and type of accommodation](#)
- [Table 130-06803: Domestic households by District Council district and tenure of accommodation](#)
- [Table 130-06804: Domestic households by District Council district and monthly household income](#)
- [Table 130-06805: Domestic households by District Council district and type of households](#)
- [Table 130-06806: Average household size and median monthly household income of households by District Council district](#)

5. Explanatory Notes

Labour force

The economically active population, also known as the labour force, comprises the employed population and the unemployed population. To be specific, labour force refers to the land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over who satisfy the criteria for being classified as employed population or unemployed population. Inmates of institutions and persons living on board vessels are excluded.

Labour force participation rate

Labour force participation rate refers to the proportion of labour force in the total land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over.

Employed population

Employed population comprises those land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over who have been engaged in performing work for pay or profit during the 7 days before enumeration or who have had formal job attachment. Unpaid family workers and employed persons who were on leave/holiday during the 7 days before enumeration are also included.

Unemployed population

Unemployed population comprises all land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over who fulfil the following conditions:

- a. have not had a job and have not performed any work for pay or profit during the 7 days before enumeration;
- b. have been available for work during the 7 days before enumeration; and
- c. have sought work during the 30 days before enumeration.

The following types of land-based non-institutional population are also classified as unemployed:

- a. discouraged workers, i.e. persons aged 15 and over who fulfil the conditions (a) and (b) above but have not sought work during the 30 days before enumeration because they believe that work is not available;
- b. persons without a job, have sought work but have not been available for work because of temporary sickness; and
- c. persons without a job, have been available for work but have not sought work because they:
 - i. have made arrangements to take up a new job or to start business on a subsequent date; or
 - ii. were expecting to return to their original jobs.

Domestic household

Domestic household consists of a group of persons who live together and make common provision for essentials for living. These persons need not be related. If a person makes provision for essentials for living without sharing with other persons, he/she is also regarded as a household. In this case, the household is a "one-person household". A domestic household must have at least one member who is a Usual Resident. Households comprising Mobile Residents only are not classified as domestic households.

Monthly household income

Monthly household income refers to the total cash income, including earnings (before deduction of Mandatory Provident Fund contributions) from all jobs and other cash income received in the month before enumeration by all members of the household. Other cash income includes income generated from rent income, interest, dividends, regular/monthly pensions and insurance annuity benefits, regular contribution from persons outside the household, regular contribution from charities and all government subsidies.

Terms and Definitions (Complete Version)

Download Terms and Definitions (Complete Version): [Terms and Definitions.pdf](#)

Rounding of figures

Figures in the tables may not add up to the total due to rounding.

Sources of Information

This report presents statistics on the socio-economic characteristics of the land-based non-institutional population at the District Council district level. These statistics are primarily computed based on the survey results of the General Household Survey and the mid-year population estimates by age and sex in each District Council district as control totals.

The General Household Survey is a continuous sample survey which has been conducted since August 1981. Its main objective is to collect information on the labour force, employment, unemployment and underemployment, as well as the demographic and socio-economic characteristics of the population.

Population estimates by age and sex in each District Council district for a particular year when a Population Census/By-census has been undertaken (the latest Population Census and By-census were conducted in 2021 and 2016 respectively) are compiled based on the findings of the Population Census/By-census. On the other hand, those estimates in the years between the conduct of Population Census and By-census are compiled by taking into account the number of quarters (based on the frame of quarters maintained by the Census and Statistics Department and up-to-date information from various government departments on new completion and demolition) and the estimated profiles of population residing in the quarters (estimates based on the results of latest Population Census/By-census and relevant administrative records) in each district.

As the methodology for deriving the demographic (other than age and sex) and socio-economic characteristics of the population in each District Council district for the year of conducting Population Census/By-census is different from that for the years between the conduct of Population Census and By-census, the statistics compiled for the Population Census/By-census years are not strictly comparable with the corresponding statistics for other years.

6. Enquiries

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