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2014 年按區議會分區劃分的香港人口概況

The Profile of Hong Kong Population

Analysed by District Council District, 2014

# 2014 年按區議會分區劃分的香港人口概況

## The Profile of Hong Kong Population Analysed by District Council District, 2014

政府統計處根據「綜合住戶統計調查」獲取的數據，每年編製按區議會分區劃分有關人口及其社會與經濟特徵的統計數字。本文旨在分析 2014 年各區議會分區的香港人口概況。

The Census and Statistics Department annually compiles statistics on the demographic and socio-economic characteristics of the population by District Council district based on data collected from the General Household Survey. This article provides an analysis on the profile of the population of Hong Kong for various District Council districts in 2014.

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# 2014 年按區議會分區劃分的香港人口概況

## The Profile of Hong Kong Population

### Analysed by District Council District, 2014

## 1. 引言

1.1 政府統計處每年編製及發布區議會分區的人口及其社會與經濟特徵的統計數字。這些統計數字主要是根據「綜合住戶統計調查」所搜集的數據編製（其後簡稱為「綜合住戶統計調查」分區統計）。政府統計處於編製「綜合住戶統計調查」分區統計的過程中，亦同時使用了政府統計處與跨部門的人口分布推算小組共同編製按區議會分區劃分的年中人口估計數字。

1.2 「綜合住戶統計調查」分區統計涵蓋陸上非住院人口，約佔全港總人口的 99%。

1.3 由於統計數字是根據「綜合住戶統計調查」每年 1 月至 12 月所搜集的數據編製，「綜合住戶統計調查」分區統計可大致被視為反映全年的平均情況。

1.4 本文就 2014 年按區議會分區劃分的陸上非住院人口的選定特徵作出分析，從而讓讀者對不同的區議會分區的人口概況有更深入的了解。

## 2. 地理分界系統

2.1 「綜合住戶統計調查」分區統計主要按區議會分區發布。全港共有 18 個區議會分區，其中 4 個在香港島，5 個在九龍及 9 個在新界。

## 1. Introduction

1.1 Statistics on the demographic and socio-economic characteristics of the population by District Council (DC) district are compiled and published by the Census and Statistics Department (C&SD) every year. These statistics are primarily based on data collected from the General Household Survey (GHS) (referred to as district-based GHS statistics hereafter). The mid-year population estimates by DC district compiled jointly by C&SD and an inter-departmental Working Group on Population Distribution Projections are also used in compiling the district-based GHS statistics.

1.2 The district-based GHS statistics cover the land-based non-institutional population (LBNP), which constitutes about 99% of the total population of Hong Kong.

1.3 As the data collected in GHS from January to December of the year are used, the district-based GHS statistics may be broadly regarded as referring to the average situation of the year.

1.4 This article provides an analysis on selected characteristics of LBNP in 2014 by DC district. It aims to give readers a better understanding on the profile of the population for different DC districts.

## 2. Geographical demarcation systems

2.1 The district-based GHS statistics are mainly disseminated at the DC district level. There are 18 DC districts in Hong Kong, 4 on Hong Kong Island, 5 in Kowloon and 9 in the New Territories.

### 3. 人口特徵的分析

3.1 2014 年陸上非住院人口數目為 7 152 000 人（全港年中總人口為 7 241 700 人）。其中，52.2% 居住在新界，30.3% 在九龍和 17.5% 在香港島。（表 1）

3.2 在所有區議會分區中，沙田區的人口最多，佔陸上非住院人口約 9.1%。緊隨其後的兩個人口最多的區議會分區為觀塘區及元朗區，分別各佔陸上非住院人口的 8.9% 及 8.3%。而最少陸上非住院人口的區議會分區則是離島區（2.0%），其次是灣仔區（2.1%）及中西區（3.5%）。（表 1）

#### 性別

3.3 性別比率可用作量度人口的性別結構。性別比率是指在人口中相對每 1 000 名女性的男性數目。在 2014 年，男性數目較女性為少，整體性別比率為每千名女性對 859 名男性。（表 1）

3.4 2014 年所有區議會分區的性別比率均少於 1 000。而性別比率最低的三個區議會分區分別是灣仔區（788）、南區（812）及中西區（821）。（表 1）

3.5 然而，性別比率是受到大量在香港工作的外籍家庭傭工數目所影響。若撇除外籍家庭傭工，整體性別比率為 925。按區議會分區分析，所有區議會分區的性別比率均有所增加。當中有個別區議會分區的變化較為顯著，例如灣仔區由 788 上升至 938。2014 年各區議會分區中，大埔區在撇除外籍家庭傭工後的性別比率最高，為 954。緊隨其後的是九龍城區（949）及中西區（947）。（表 1）

### 3. Analysis on demographic characteristics

3.1 In 2014, the size of LBNP was 7 152 000 (out of the mid-year total population of 7 241 700 in Hong Kong). Among them, 52.2% were living in the New Territories, 30.3% in Kowloon and 17.5% on Hong Kong Island. (Table 1)

3.2 The population in Sha Tin was the largest among all DC districts, accommodating about 9.1% of LBNP. Kwun Tong (8.9%) and Yuen Long (8.3%) were the next two largest DC districts in terms of population. The DC district with the smallest LBNP was Islands (2.0%), followed by Wan Chai (2.1%) and Central & Western (3.5%). (Table 1)

#### Sex

3.3 The sex composition of the population can be measured by the sex ratio, which is defined as the number of males per 1 000 females in the population. In 2014, men were out-numbered by women with the overall sex ratio being 859 males per 1 000 females. (Table 1)

3.4 The sex ratios in all the DC districts were below 1 000 in 2014. In particular, Wan Chai (788), Southern (812) and Central & Western (821) were the three DC districts with the lowest sex ratios. (Table 1)

3.5 The sex ratios are however affected by a large number of foreign domestic helpers (FDHs) working in Hong Kong. If FDHs are excluded, the overall sex ratio was 925. Analysed by DC district, the sex ratios in all the DC districts increased, with a few showing some significant changes (e.g. increased from 788 to 938 for Wan Chai). Among the DC districts, Tai Po had the highest sex ratio of 954 in 2014 after excluding FDHs. This was closely followed by Kowloon City (949) and Central & Western (947). (Table 1)

**表 1 2014 年按區議會分區及性別劃分的陸上非住院人口數目**  
**Table 1 Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and sex, 2014**

區議會分區	District Council district	男性	女性	男女合計		性別比率 <sup>(1)</sup>	
		Male	Female	Both sexes		Sex ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	
		數目 No.	數目 No.	數目 No.	百分比%		
香港島	Hong Kong Island	563 100	685 900	1 249 000	17.5	821	[924]
中西區	Central & Western	112 100	136 500	248 600	3.5	821	[947]
灣仔	Wan Chai	66 300	84 100	150 400	2.1	788	[938]
東區	Eastern	263 500	315 900	579 400	8.1	834	[919]
南區	Southern	121 300	149 300	270 500	3.8	812	[908]
九龍	Kowloon	1 000 600	1 167 900	2 168 500	30.3	857	[916]
油尖旺	Yau Tsim Mong	142 400	171 200	313 600	4.4	832	[909]
深水埗	Sham Shui Po	178 200	210 000	388 300	5.4	848	[916]
九龍城	Kowloon City	185 600	216 700	402 300	5.6	856	[949]
黃大仙	Wong Tai Sin	196 300	228 100	424 500	5.9	861	[896]
觀塘	Kwun Tong	298 100	341 800	639 900	8.9	872	[912]
新界	New Territories	1 741 800	1 992 600	3 734 400	52.2	874	[930]
葵青	Kwai Tsing	236 800	265 200	501 900	7.0	893	[933]
荃灣	Tsuen Wan	139 000	162 600	301 600	4.2	855	[926]
屯門	Tuen Mun	230 700	258 300	489 000	6.8	893	[929]
元朗	Yuen Long	278 800	316 300	595 100	8.3	881	[928]
北區	North	143 100	160 100	303 300	4.2	894	[936]
大埔	Tai Po	141 400	160 900	302 300	4.2	879	[954]
沙田	Sha Tin	299 700	348 500	648 200	9.1	860	[926]
西貢	Sai Kung	206 000	242 700	448 600	6.3	849	[922]
離島	Islands	66 400	78 100	144 500	2.0	851	[929]
<b>合計</b>	<b>Overall</b>	<b>3 305 600</b>	<b>3 846 400</b>	<b>7 152 000</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>[925]</b>

註釋：數目進位至最接近的百位數。

由於四捨五入關係，個別數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

(1) 性別比率是指在人口中相對每 1 000 名女性的男性數目。方括號內的數字是指撇除外籍家庭傭工後的性別比率。

Notes: Figures are rounded to the nearest hundred.

Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

(1) Sex ratio refers to the number of males per 1 000 females in the population. Figures in square brackets refer to sex ratios with foreign domestic helpers excluded.

## 年齡

3.6 2014 年各區議會分區中，兒童（15 歲以下）在人口中所佔的比例以離島區（14.1%）最大，其次為油尖旺區（12.9%）及荃灣區（12.4%）。（表 2）

3.7 油尖旺區（34.2%）是主要工作年齡（25 至 44 歲）人口比例最大的區議會分區。緊隨其後的是中西區（33.9%）及灣仔區（33.8%）。（表 2）

3.8 相比之下，在各區人口中 65 歲及以上的人士所佔的比例以黃大仙區（17.7%）最大。其次為東區（17.3%）及觀塘區（16.7%）。（表 2）

3.9 人口年齡中位數可作為年齡分布的趨中傾向的整體指標，該中位數在各區議會分區介乎 39 歲至 45 歲。東區及黃大仙區的人口年齡中位數（同為 45 歲）是各區議會分區中最高，而元朗區及離島區則最低（同為 39 歲）。（表 2）

## Age

3.6 Among all DC districts, Islands (14.1%) had the largest proportion of children (aged under 15) in 2014, followed by Yau Tsim Mong (12.9%) and Tsuen Wan (12.4%). (Table 2)

3.7 Yau Tsim Mong (34.2%) was the DC district with the largest proportion of persons at prime working ages (25 to 44). This was closely followed by Central & Western (33.9%) and Wan Chai (33.8%). (Table 2)

3.8 In comparison, the proportion of persons aged 65 and over was the largest in Wong Tai Sin (17.7%), followed by Eastern (17.3%) and Kwun Tong (16.7%). (Table 2)

3.9 The median age, as an overall measure of the central tendency of the age distribution, varied from 39 to 45 across the DC districts. Eastern and Wong Tai Sin were the DC districts with the highest median age (both 45) whereas Yuen Long and Islands had the lowest median age (both 39). (Table 2)

**表 2 2014 年按區議會分區及年齡組別劃分的陸上非住院人口數目**  
**Table 2 Land-based non-institutional population by District Council district and age group, 2014**

區議會分區	District Council district	年齡組別 (百分比)					年齡中位數 Median age
		0-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	≥65	
香港島	<i>Hong Kong Island</i>	10.6	10.3	31.0	31.8	16.3	43
中西區	Central & Western	11.8	10.2	33.9	29.0	15.1	40
灣仔	Wan Chai	10.6	9.0	33.8	30.4	16.2	42
東區	Eastern	10.2	10.2	29.4	32.9	17.3	45
南區	Southern	10.5	11.3	30.1	32.9	15.2	43
九龍	<i>Kowloon</i>	11.3	11.3	29.8	31.3	16.2	43
油尖旺	Yau Tsim Mong	12.9	9.8	34.2	28.7	14.4	40
深水埗	Sham Shui Po	11.6	11.4	29.6	31.6	15.9	43
九龍城	Kowloon City	11.7	10.9	31.3	30.6	15.4	42
黃大仙	Wong Tai Sin	9.8	12.1	27.4	33.0	17.7	45
觀塘	Kwun Tong	11.1	11.8	28.5	31.9	16.7	43
新界	<i>New Territories</i>	11.4	12.3	31.9	32.4	12.0	41
葵青	Kwai Tsing	10.5	11.9	29.9	31.7	16.0	43
荃灣	Tsuen Wan	12.4	10.7	31.5	32.0	13.4	41
屯門	Tuen Mun	11.1	11.9	32.1	33.5	11.5	41
元朗	Yuen Long	12.1	14.2	32.8	30.9	10.1	39
北區	North	11.6	13.3	31.3	33.1	10.8	40
大埔	Tai Po	10.0	12.1	32.0	34.2	11.7	41
沙田	Sha Tin	10.6	11.3	31.8	33.3	13.0	42
西貢	Sai Kung	12.0	12.2	33.6	32.1	10.1	40
離島	Islands	14.1	13.5	32.0	30.2	10.2	39
<b>合計</b>	<b>Overall</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>42</b>

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，個別數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note : Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

## 4. 有關勞動人口特徵的分析

4.1 2014 年勞動人口的數目為 3 876 400 人，其中男性有 1 988 100 人（佔 51.3%），而女性則有 1 888 300 人（佔 48.7%）。按區議會分區分析，沙田區的男性勞動人口數目最多，有 184 200 人（佔男性勞動人口的 9.3%）。女性勞動人口數目亦以沙田區為最多，有 174 300 人（佔女性勞動人口的 9.2%）。（表 3）

4.2 在各區議會分區中，以西貢區的勞動人口參與率<sup>1</sup>最高（65.4%），而黃大仙區的勞動人口參與率則最低（57.4%）。男性整體的勞動人口參與率（68.8%）遠高於女性勞動人口參與率（54.6%）。男性的勞動人口參與率介乎觀塘區的 64.9% 與灣仔區的 72.8% 之間，而女性的勞動人口參與率則介乎黃大仙區的 50.4% 與西貢區的 59.7% 之間。（表 3）

4.3 若撇除外籍家庭傭工，整體的勞動人口參與率為 59.3%。按區議會分區分析，所有區議會分區的勞動人口參與率均有所下降。當中有個別區議會分區的變化較顯著，例如灣仔區由 64.4% 下降至 60.2%。撇除外籍家庭傭工後的女性勞動人口參與率為 50.7%。在各區議會分區中，以西貢區的女性勞動人口參與率最高（55.6%），而黃大仙區的女性勞動人口參與率則最低（48.1%）。（表 3）

## 5. 其他參考資料

5.1 政府統計處編製的《2014 年按區議會分區劃分的人口及住戶統計資料》報告書載列有關 2014 年按區議會分區劃分的人口及其社會經濟特徵的更詳細統計數字。

1 勞動人口參與率指勞動人口佔所有 15 歲及以上陸上非住院人口的比例。

## 4. Analysis on labour force characteristics

4.1 The size of the labour force in 2014 was 3 876 400, comprising 1 988 100 males (51.3%) and 1 888 300 females (48.7%). Analysed by DC district, the size of the male labour force was the largest in Sha Tin, being 184 200 (or 9.3% of the male labour force). The size of the female labour force was also the largest in Sha Tin, being 174 300 (or 9.2% of the female labour force). (Table 3)

4.2 Among all DC districts, the labour force participation rate (LFPR)<sup>1</sup> was the highest in Sai Kung (65.4%) while Wong Tai Sin had the lowest LFPR (57.4%). The overall LFPR for males (68.8%) was much higher than that for females (54.6%). The LFPRs for males ranged from 64.9% in Kwun Tong to 72.8% in Wan Chai, while those for females ranged from 50.4% in Wong Tai Sin to 59.7% in Sai Kung. (Table 3)

4.3 If FDHs are excluded, the overall LFPR was 59.3%. Analysed by DC district, the overall LFPRs in all the DC districts decreased, with a few showing some significant changes (e.g. decreased from 64.4% to 60.2% for Wan Chai). The female LFPR after excluding FDHs was 50.7%. Among all DC districts, the female LFPR was the highest in Sai Kung (55.6%) while Wong Tai Sin had the lowest female LFPR (48.1%). (Table 3)

## 5. Further reference

5.1 More detailed socio-economic statistics pertaining to the population by DC district in 2014 are contained in the report *Population and Household Statistics Analysed by District Council District, 2014* compiled by C&SD.

1 Labour force participation rate refers to the proportion of labour force in the total land-based non-institutional population aged 15 and over.



**表 3 2014 年按區議會分區及性別劃分的勞動人口數目及勞動人口參與率**  
**Table 3 Labour force and labour force participation rates by District Council district and sex, 2014**

區議會 分區	District Council district	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
		數目 No.	比率 (%) Rate (%)	數目 No.	比率 (%) Rate (%)	數目 No.	比率 (%) Rate (%)
香港島	Hong Kong Island	339 700	(68.7) [68.6]	350 400	(56.4) [50.1]	690 100	(61.8) [58.9]
中西區	Central & Western	66 900	(69.0) [68.8]	69 000	(56.5) [48.7]	135 900	(62.0) [58.4]
灣仔	Wan Chai	42 300	(72.8) [72.5]	44 300	(58.1) [48.7]	86 700	(64.4) [60.2]
東區	Eastern	156 700	(67.3) [67.3]	159 200	(55.4) [50.3]	315 900	(60.7) [58.3]
南區	Southern	73 700	(69.2) [69.1]	77 900	(57.5) [51.8]	151 600	(62.6) [59.9]
九龍	Kowloon	578 400	(66.2) [66.2]	558 500	(53.2) [49.6]	1 136 900	(59.1) [57.4]
油尖旺	Yau Tsim Mong	85 900	(70.5) [70.5]	85 400	(56.4) [51.7]	171 300	(62.7) [60.6]
深水埗	Sham Shui Po	101 100	(65.3) [65.3]	99 800	(52.9) [48.7]	200 900	(58.5) [56.6]
九龍城	Kowloon City	106 900	(66.4) [66.3]	105 600	(54.4) [48.7]	212 600	(59.9) [57.2]
黃大仙	Wong Tai Sin	114 800	(65.7) [65.7]	104 800	(50.4) [48.1]	219 600	(57.4) [56.3]
觀塘	Kwun Tong	169 700	(64.9) [64.9]	162 900	(53.0) [50.5]	332 500	(58.5) [57.3]
新界	New Territories	1 070 100	(70.3) [70.2]	979 400	(54.8) [51.5]	2 049 500	(61.9) [60.5]
葵青	Kwai Tsing	138 300	(66.0) [66.0]	124 200	(51.8) [49.4]	262 400	(58.4) [57.4]
荃灣	Tsuen Wan	83 600	(69.9) [69.9]	80 100	(55.4) [51.1]	163 600	(61.9) [60.0]
屯門	Tuen Mun	144 200	(71.0) [71.0]	126 500	(54.7) [52.6]	270 700	(62.3) [61.4]
元朗	Yuen Long	172 100	(71.2) [71.2]	149 500	(53.1) [50.3]	321 600	(61.5) [60.2]
北區	North	88 900	(71.0) [71.0]	74 200	(51.9) [49.3]	163 100	(60.8) [59.7]
大埔	Tai Po	90 700	(72.1) [72.1]	82 300	(56.2) [52.0]	173 000	(63.6) [61.7]
沙田	Sha Tin	184 200	(69.7) [69.7]	174 300	(55.3) [51.4]	358 500	(61.9) [60.1]
西貢	Sai Kung	129 000	(72.4) [72.3]	129 300	(59.7) [55.6]	258 400	(65.4) [63.6]
離島	Islands	39 100	(69.9) [69.9]	39 100	(57.3) [52.6]	78 200	(63.0) [60.8]
<b>合計</b>	<b>Overall</b>	<b>1 988 100</b>	<b>(68.8) [68.7]</b>	<b>1 888 300</b>	<b>(54.6) [50.7]</b>	<b>3 876 400</b>	<b>(61.1) [59.3]</b>

註釋：數目進位至最接近的百位數。

由於四捨五入關係，個別數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

圓括號內的數字是指在某一特定的區議會分區及性別組別中的 15 歲及以上人士的勞動人口參與率。

方括號內的數字是指撇除外籍家庭傭工後的勞動人口參與率。

Notes: Figures are rounded to the nearest hundred.

Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Figures in round brackets refer to labour force participation rates in respect of persons aged 15 and over in the specified District Council district and sex group.

Figures in square brackets refer to the labour force participation rates with foreign domestic helpers excluded.