

# Terms and Definitions

## Medical and Health

Cause-specific mortality rate	The cause-specific mortality rate is the total number of registered deaths due to a specific group of causes divided by the mid-year population (expressed as per 100 000 population). For a particular group of causes, the standardised cause-specific mortality rate is a weighted average of the age-specific mortality rates pertaining to that group of causes. The weights used are the proportions of population in individual age groups in the standard population.
Daily cigarette smokers	Daily cigarette smokers refer to those persons who at the time of enumeration had a daily cigarette smoking habit (although they might not smoke on certain days because of illness or other reasons).
Persons with disabilities	Persons with disabilities refer to those persons who (a) have been diagnosed by qualified health personnel (such as practitioners of Western medicine and Chinese medicine, including herbalists, bone-setters and acupuncturists) as having one or more of the following 9 conditions; or (b) have perceived themselves as having one or more of the first 4 of the following 9 conditions which have lasted, or are likely to last, for a period of 6 months or more at the time of enumeration : (i) restriction in body movement; (ii) seeing difficulty; (iii) hearing difficulty; (iv) speech difficulty; (v) mental illness/mood disorder; (vi) Autism; (vii) Specific Learning Difficulties (SpLD); (viii) Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (AD/HD); and (ix) intellectual disability.